



# Comprehensive Energy Audit For Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant



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Prepared For  
**City of Manokotak**

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## **PREFACE**

This energy audit was conducted using funds provided by the Denali Commission. Coordination with the City of Manokotak has been undertaken to provide maximum accuracy in identifying facilities to audit and coordinating potential follow up retrofit activities.

The Rural Energy Initiative at the Alaska Native Tribal Health Consortium (ANTHC) prepared this document for the City of Manokotak, Alaska. The author of this report is Kevin Ulrich, Assistant Engineering Project Manager and Certified Energy Manager (CEM).

The purpose of this report is to provide a comprehensive document of the findings and analysis that resulted from an energy audit conducted in January of 2018 by the Rural Energy Initiative of ANTHC. This report analyzes historical energy use and identifies costs and savings of recommended energy conservation measures. Discussions of site-specific concerns, non-recommended measures, and an energy conservation action plan are also included in this report.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The ANTHC Rural Energy Initiative gratefully acknowledges the assistance of Water Treatment Plant Lead Operator Rueben Andrew; Water Treatment Plant Operators Howard Ayojiak and Ray Alecnanalook; City Maintenance Garrick Bartman; City Administrator Nancy George, and City Mayor Melvin Andrew.

# 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report was prepared for the City of Manokotak. The scope of the audit focused on Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant. The scope of this report is a comprehensive energy study, which included an analysis of building shell, interior and exterior lighting systems, heating and ventilation systems, and electric loads.

Based on electricity and fuel oil prices in effect at the time of the audit, the total predicted energy costs for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant is approximately \$10,893 per year. Electricity represents the largest portion with an annual cost of approximately \$9,444. This includes \$5,323 paid by the City and \$4,121 paid for by the State of Alaska Power Cost Equalization (PCE) program. Fuel oil represents the remaining energy use with an annual cost of approximately \$1,449.

The State of Alaska PCE program provides a subsidy to rural communities across the state to lower electricity costs and make energy affordable in rural Alaska. In Manokotak, the cost of electricity without PCE is approximately \$0.55/kWh and the cost with PCE is approximately \$0.31/kWh.

Table 1.1 lists the total usage of electricity and #1 heating oil in the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant before and after the proposed retrofits.

**Table 1.1: Predicted Annual Fuel Use for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant**

| Predicted Annual Fuel Use |                   |                         |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Fuel Use                  | Existing Building | With Proposed Retrofits |
| Electricity               | 17,172 kWh        | 14,326 kWh              |
| #1 Oil                    | 362 gallons       | 261 gallons             |

Benchmark figures facilitate comparing energy use between different buildings. Table 1.2 lists several benchmarks for the audited building.

**Table 1.2: Building Benchmarks for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant**

| Building Benchmarks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                      |                             |                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | EUI<br>(kBtu/Sq.Ft.) | EUI/HDD<br>(Btu/Sq.Ft./HDD) | ECI<br>(\$/Sq.Ft.) |
| Existing Building                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 118.8                | 10.97                       | \$12.16            |
| With Proposed Retrofits                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 93.0                 | 8.59                        | \$9.96             |
| EUI: Energy Use Intensity - The annual site energy consumption divided by the structure's conditioned area.<br>EUI/HDD: Energy Use Intensity per Heating Degree Day.<br>ECI: Energy Cost Index - The total annual cost of energy divided by the square footage of the conditioned space in the building. |                      |                             |                    |

Table 1.3 below summarizes the energy efficiency measures analyzed for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant. Listed are the estimates of the annual savings, installed costs, and two different financial measures of investment return.

**Table 1.3: Summary of Recommended Energy Efficiency Measures**

| <b>PRIORITY LIST – ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES</b> |                                  |                                                                                   |                                      |                       |                                                     |                                           |                               |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Rank</b>                                       | <b>Feature</b>                   | <b>Improvement Description</b>                                                    | <b>Annual Energy Savings</b>         | <b>Installed Cost</b> | <b>Savings to Investment Ratio, SIR<sup>1</sup></b> | <b>Simple Payback (Years)<sup>2</sup></b> | <b>CO<sub>2</sub> Savings</b> |
| 1                                                 | Toyotomi Stove                   | Program Toyo Laser 73 heater with an unoccupied setback temperature to 50 deg. F. | \$418                                | \$1,000               | 5.65                                                | 2.4                                       | 2,203.8                       |
| 2                                                 | Well 2 Heat Tape                 | Implement controls to shut off heat tape when well pump is in operation.          | \$933                                | \$3,500               | 3.13                                                | 3.8                                       | 4,579.9                       |
| 3                                                 | Well 1 Heat Tape                 | Implement controls to shut off heat tape when well pump is in operation.          | \$513                                | \$3,500               | 1.72                                                | 6.8                                       | 2,517.1                       |
| 4                                                 | Lighting: Exterior Lights        | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$99                                 | \$750                 | 1.55                                                | 7.6                                       | 485.6                         |
| 5                                                 | Lighting: Generator Room Lights  | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$3 + \$30 Maint. Savings            | \$300                 | 1.32                                                | 9.0                                       | 15.8                          |
| 6                                                 | Lighting: Water Tank Room Lights | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$2 + \$15 Maint. Savings            | \$150                 | 1.32                                                | 9.0                                       | 7.9                           |
| 7                                                 | Lighting: Storage Room Lights    | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$2 + \$15 Maint. Savings            | \$150                 | 1.31                                                | 9.1                                       | 7.5                           |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                      |                                  |                                                                                   | <b>\$1,969 + \$60 Maint. Savings</b> | <b>\$9,350</b>        | <b>2.63</b>                                         | <b>4.6</b>                                | <b>9,817.7</b>                |

**Table Notes:**

<sup>1</sup> Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) is a life-cycle cost measure calculated by dividing the total savings over the life of a project (expressed in today's dollars) by its investment costs. The SIR is an indication of the profitability of a measure; the higher the SIR, the more profitable the project. An SIR greater than 1.0 indicates a cost-effective project (i.e. more savings than cost). Remember that this profitability is based on the position of that Energy Efficiency Measure (EEM) in the overall list and assumes that the measures above it are implemented first.

<sup>2</sup> Simple Payback (SP) is a measure of the length of time required for the savings from an EEM to payback the investment cost, not counting interest on the investment and any future changes in energy prices. It is calculated by dividing the investment cost by the expected first-year savings of the EEM.

With all of these energy efficiency measures in place, the annual utility cost can be reduced by \$1,969 per year, or 18.1% of the buildings' total energy costs. These measures are estimated to cost \$9,350, for an overall simple payback period of 4.6 years.

Table 1.4 below is a breakdown of the annual energy cost across various energy end use types, such as space heating. The first row in the table shows the breakdown for the building as it is now. The second row shows the expected breakdown of energy cost for the building assuming all of the retrofits in this report are implemented. Finally, the last row shows the annual energy savings that will be achieved from the retrofits.

**Table 1.4: Detailed Breakdown of Energy Costs in the Building**

| Annual Energy Cost Estimate |               |          |                  |                 |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Description                 | Space Heating | Lighting | Other Electrical | Total Cost      |
| Existing Building           | \$1,492       | \$436    | \$8,965          | <b>\$10,893</b> |
| With Proposed Retrofits     | \$1,076       | \$329    | \$7,519          | <b>\$8,924</b>  |
| Savings                     | \$417         | \$107    | \$1,446          | <b>\$1,969</b>  |

## **2. AUDIT AND ANALYSIS BACKGROUND**

### ***2.1 Program Description***

This audit included services to identify, develop, and evaluate energy efficiency measures at the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant. The scope of this project included evaluating building shell, lighting and other electrical systems, heating and ventilation equipment, motors and pumps. Measures were analyzed based on life-cycle-cost techniques, which include the initial cost of the equipment, life of the equipment, annual energy cost, annual maintenance cost, and a discount rate of 3.0%/year in excess of general inflation.

### ***2.2 Audit Description***

Preliminary audit information was gathered in preparation for the site survey. The site survey provides critical information in deciphering where energy is used and what opportunities exist within a building. The entire site was surveyed to inventory the following to gain an understanding of how each building operates:

- Building envelope (roof, windows, etc.)
- Heating and ventilation equipment
- Lighting systems and controls
- Building-specific equipment

The building site visit was performed to survey all major building components and systems. The site visit included detailed inspection of energy consuming components. Summary of building occupancy schedules, operating and maintenance practices, and energy management programs provided by the building manager were collected along with the system and components to determine a more accurate impact on energy consumption.

Details collected from Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant enable a model of the building's energy usage to be developed, highlighting the building's total energy consumption, energy consumption by specific building component, and equivalent energy cost. The analysis involves distinguishing the different fuels used on site, and analyzing their consumption in different activity areas of the building.

Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant has a total area of 896 square feet and is all heated by one heating source.

In addition, the methodology involves taking into account a wide range of factors specific to the building. These factors are used in the construction of the model of energy used. The factors include:

- Occupancy hours
- Local climate conditions
- Prices paid for energy

### ***2.3. Method of Analysis***

Data collected was processed using AkWarm© Energy Use Software to estimate energy savings for each of the proposed energy efficiency measures (EEMs). The recommendations focus on the building envelope; heating and ventilation; lighting, electric load, and other electrical improvements; and motor and pump systems that will reduce annual energy consumption.

EEMs are evaluated based on building use and processes, local climate conditions, building construction type, function, operational schedule, existing conditions, and foreseen future plans. Energy savings are calculated based on industry standard methods and engineering estimations.

Our analysis provides a number of tools for assessing the cost effectiveness of various improvement options. These tools utilize **Life-Cycle Costing**, which is defined in this context as a method of cost analysis that estimates the total cost of a project over the period of time that includes both the construction cost and ongoing maintenance and operating costs.

**Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) = Savings divided by Investment**

**Savings** includes the total discounted dollar savings considered over the life of the improvement. When these savings are added up, changes in future fuel prices as projected by the Department of Energy are included. Future savings are discounted to the present to account for the time-value of money (i.e. money's ability to earn interest over time). The **Investment** in the SIR calculation includes the labor and materials required to install the measure. An SIR value of at least 1.0 indicates that the project is cost-effective—total savings exceed the investment costs.

**Simple payback** is a cost analysis method whereby the investment cost of a project is divided by the first year's savings of the project to give the number of years required to recover the cost of the investment. This may be compared to the expected time before replacement of the system or component will be required. For example, if a boiler costs \$12,000 and results in a savings of \$1,000 in the first year, the payback time is 12 years. If the boiler has an expected life to replacement of 10 years, it would not be financially viable to make the investment since the payback period of 12 years is greater than the project life.

The Simple Payback calculation does not consider likely increases in future annual savings due to energy price increases. As an offsetting simplification, simple payback does not consider the need to earn interest on the investment (i.e. it does not consider the time-value of money). Because of these simplifications, the SIR figure is considered to be a better financial investment indicator than the Simple Payback measure.

Measures are implemented in order of cost-effectiveness. The program first calculates individual SIRs, and ranks all measures by SIR, higher SIRs at the top of the list. An individual measure must have an individual  $SIR \geq 1$  to make the cut. Next the building is modified and re-simulated with the highest ranked measure included. Now all remaining measures are re-evaluated and ranked, and the next most cost-effective measure is implemented. AkWarm goes through this iterative process until all appropriate measures have been evaluated and installed.

It is important to note that the savings for each recommendation is calculated based on implementing the most cost effective measure first, and then cycling through the list to find the next most cost effective measure. Implementation of more than one EEM often affects the savings of other EEMs. The savings may in some cases be relatively higher if an individual EEM is implemented in lieu of multiple recommended EEMs. For example implementing a reduced operating schedule for inefficient lighting will result in relatively high savings. Implementing a reduced operating schedule for newly installed efficient lighting will result in lower relative savings, because the efficient lighting system uses less energy during each hour of operation. If multiple EEM's are recommended to be implemented, AkWarm calculates the combined savings appropriately.

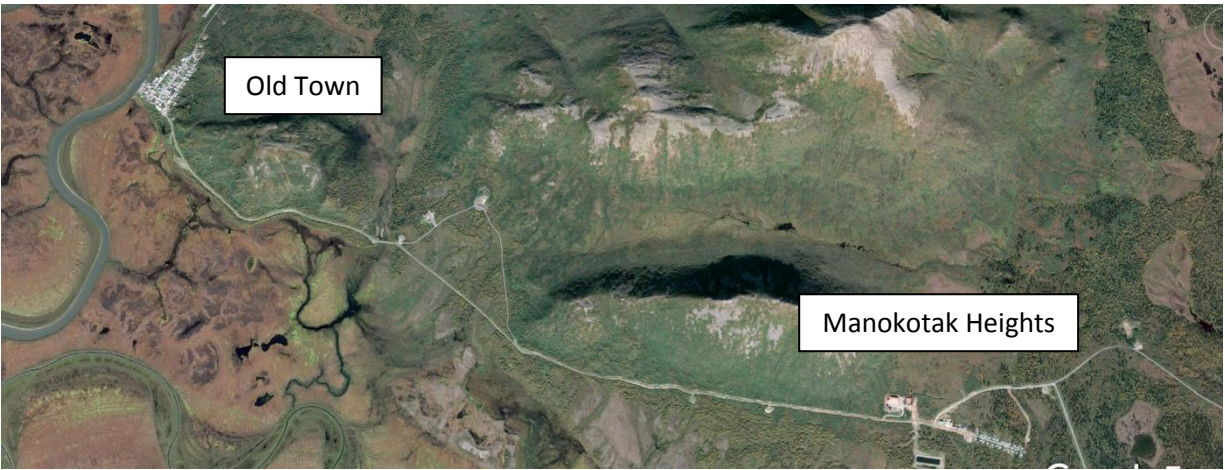
Cost savings are calculated based on estimated initial costs for each measure. Installation costs include labor and equipment to estimate the full up-front investment required to implement a change. Costs are derived from Means Cost Data, industry publications, and local contractors and equipment suppliers.

## ***2.4 Limitations of Study***

All results are dependent on the quality of input data provided, and can only act as an approximation. In some instances, several methods may achieve the identified savings. This report is not intended as a final design document. The design professional or other persons following the recommendations shall accept responsibility and liability for the results.

# **3. MANOKOTAK HEIGHTS WATER TREATMENT PLANT**

## ***3.1. Building Description***



**Figure 1: Aerial View of the Community of Manokotak**



**Figure 2: Aerial View of the Manokotak Heights Subdivision**

The 896 square foot Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant was constructed in 2015 to house the water intake, storage, and distribution system for the Manokotak Heights region of the community. The building is occupied approximately one hour per day for five days of the week by the water plant operator.

Raw water is pumped into the facility from two wells that are both located near the water plant building. One well is approximately 244 feet from the facility and the second well is approximately 444 feet from the facility. After the water is pumped into the facility it is stored in six 143 gallon water storage tanks within the facility. When there is a demand for water from the community, the pressure differential from the water storage tanks as well as from the hills and terrain allow for water to be withdrawn from the storage tanks when necessary. There is no chemical treatment process in the plant but there is space suitable for chemical storage should water treatment be required in the future.



**Figure 3: Raw Water Intake**



**Figure 4: Water Storage Tanks**

### **Description of Building Shell**

The exterior walls have 2x6 wood-framed construction with approximately 5.5 inches of polyurethane foam insulation.

The building has a cathedral ceiling with standard wood framing 24-inch truss spacing on center with approximately 5.5 inches of polyurethane foam insulation above the ceiling. The apex of the ceiling is 12 ft. high and the lowest part of the ceiling is approximately 10 ft. high.

The building is constructed on a concrete slab with a gravel pad foundation. There is approximately 896 square feet of floor space in the building.

There are no windows present in the building. There are three exterior entrances into the building. Each entrance has a set of insulated-metal double doors with no windows in the door structure. The entrances are in the process room, generator room, and the storage room, respectively.

### **Description of Heating Plants**

The heating plant used in the building is:

#### **Toyostove Laser 730**

|                          |                                    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Fuel Type:               | #1 Oil                             |
| Input Rating:            | 40,000 BTU/hr                      |
| Steady State Efficiency: | 90 %                               |
| Heat Distribution Type:  | Air                                |
| Notes:                   | 50W auxiliary power, 16W fuel lift |



**Figure 5: Toyotomi Laser 730 Stove**

### **Space Heating Distribution Systems**

Space heating is provided by a single Toyotomi Laser 730 stove that distributes heat to all spaces in the building.

### **Description of Building Ventilation System**

There is no mechanical ventilation system in the facility. There is ventilation for the generator room in the event that the generator must be used.

### **Lighting**

Lighting in the water treatment plant consumes approximately 794 kWh annually and constitutes approximately 5% of the building's current electrical consumption.

**Table 3.1: Breakdown of Lighting by Location and Bulb Type**

| Location                        | Bulb Type                     | Fixtures | Bulbs per Fixture | Annual Usage (kWh) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Water Process Room              | Fluorescent T8 4ft. 25 Watt   | 6        | 2                 | 71                 |
| Storage Room                    | Fluorescent T8 4ft. 25 Watt   | 2        | 3                 | 35                 |
| Generator Room                  | Fluorescent T8 4ft. 25 Watt   | 3        | 2                 | 36                 |
| Exterior                        | High Pressure Sodium 50 Watts | 3        | 1                 | 652                |
| <b>Total Energy Consumption</b> |                               |          |                   | <b>794</b>         |

### **Major Equipment**

Table 3.2 contains the details on each of the major electricity consuming mechanical components found in the water treatment plant. Major equipment consumes approximately 16,301 kWh annually constituting about 95% of the building's current electrical consumption.

**Table 3.2: Major Equipment List**

| Major Equipment                 | Purpose                                                                                | Rating        | Operating Schedule         | Annual Energy Consumption (kWh) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Well Pump 1                     | Pumps water from the well into the water plant storage tanks.                          | 0.75 HP       | ~ 50% of the time all year | 2,455                           |
| Well Pump 2                     | Pumps water from the well into the water plant storage tanks.                          | 0.75 HP       | ~ 50% of the time all year | 2,455                           |
| Well 1 Heat Tape                | Provides freeze protection for the water intake line from the well to the water plant. | ~ 1,220 Watts | October - April            | 4,040                           |
| Well 2 Heat Tape                | Provides freeze protection for the water intake line from the well to the water plant. | ~ 2,220 Watts | October - April            | 7,351                           |
| <b>Total Energy Consumption</b> |                                                                                        |               |                            | <b>16,301</b>                   |

## ***3.2 Predicted Energy Use***

### **3.2.1 Energy Usage / Tariffs**

The electric usage profile charts (below) represents the predicted electrical usage for the building. If actual electricity usage records were available, the model used to predict usage was calibrated to approximately match actual usage. The electric utility measures consumption in kilowatt-hours (kWh) and maximum demand in kilowatts (kW). One kWh usage is equivalent to 1,000 watts running for one hour. One KW of electric demand is equivalent to 1,000 watts

running at a particular moment. The basic usage charges are shown as generation service and delivery charges along with several non-utility generation charges.

The fuel oil usage profile shows the fuel oil usage for the building. Fuel oil consumption is measured in gallons. One gallon of #1 Fuel Oil provides approximately 132,000 BTUs of energy.

The Manokotak Power Company, owned by the Manokotak Native Limited, owns and operates a power plant that provides electricity to all residential, public, and commercial facilities in the community.

The average cost for each type of fuel used in this building is shown below in Table 3.3. This figure includes all surcharges, subsidies, and utility customer charges.

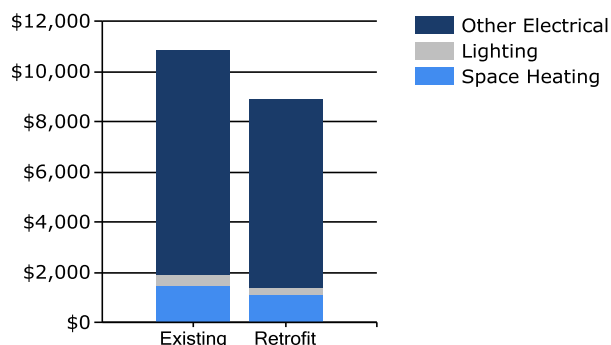
**Table 3.3: Energy Cost Rates for Each Fuel Type**

| Average Energy Cost |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Description         | Average Energy Cost |
| Electricity         | \$ 0.55/kWh         |
| #1 Oil              | \$ 4.00/gallons     |

### 3.2.1.1 Total Energy Use and Cost Breakdown

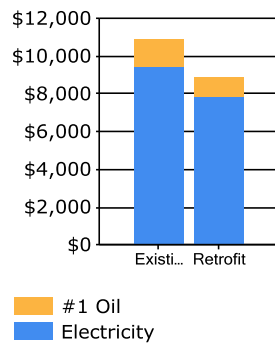
At current rates, City of Manokotak pays approximately \$10,893 annually for electricity and other fuel costs for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant.

Figure 6 below reflects the estimated distribution of costs across the primary end uses of energy based on the AkWarm© computer simulation. Comparing the “Retrofit” bar in the figure to the “Existing” bar shows the potential savings from implementing all of the energy efficiency measures shown in this report.



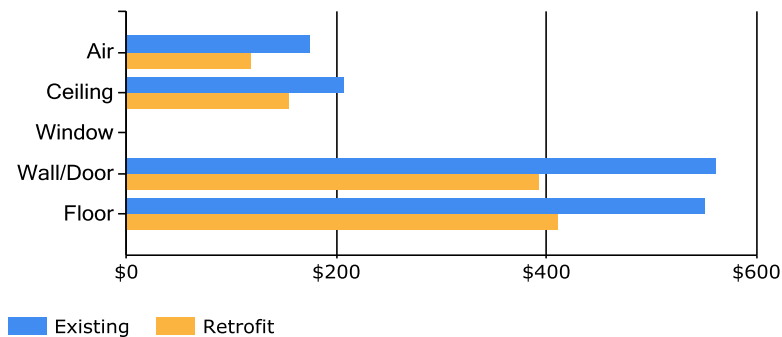
**Figure 6: Annual Energy Costs by End Use**

Figure 7 below shows how the annual energy cost of the building splits between the different fuels used by the building. The “Existing” bar shows the breakdown for the building as it is now; the “Retrofit” bar shows the predicted costs if all of the energy efficiency measures in this report are implemented.



**Figure 7: Annual Energy Costs by Fuel Type**

Figure 8 below addresses only space heating costs. The figure shows how each heat loss component contributes to those costs; for example, the figure shows how much annual space heating cost is caused by the heat loss through the walls and doors. For each component, the space heating cost for the existing building is shown (blue bar) and the space heating cost assuming all retrofits are implemented (yellow bar) are shown.



**Figure 8: Annual Space Heating Costs**

Tables 3.4 and 3.5 below show AkWarm’s estimate of the monthly fuel use for each of the fuels used in the building. For each fuel, the fuel use is broken down across the energy end uses.

**Table 3.4: Estimated Electrical Consumption by Category**

| Electrical Consumption (kWh) |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
|                              | Jan  | Feb  | Mar  | Apr  | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sept | Oct  | Nov  | Dec  |
| Space Heating                | 12   | 11   | 10   | 7    | 4   | 2   | 1   | 1   | 3    | 7    | 10   | 12   |
| Lighting                     | 98   | 89   | 98   | 69   | 71  | 12  | 12  | 12  | 69   | 71   | 95   | 98   |
| Other Electrical             | 2080 | 1896 | 2080 | 2013 | 417 | 403 | 417 | 417 | 403  | 2080 | 2013 | 2080 |

**Table 3.5: Estimated Electrical Consumption by Category**

| Fuel Oil #1 Consumption (Gallons) |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |     |     |     |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
|                                   | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Space Heating                     | 55  | 48  | 45  | 31  | 19  | 8   | 5   | 7   | 14   | 32  | 45  | 53  |

### 3.2.2 Energy Use Index (EUI)

Energy Use Index (EUI) is a measure of a building's annual energy utilization per square foot of building. This calculation is completed by converting all utility usage consumed by a building for one year, to British Thermal Units (Btu) or kBtu, and dividing this number by the building square footage. EUI is a good measure of a building's energy use and is utilized regularly for comparison of energy performance for similar building types. The Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Buildings Technology Center under a contract with the U.S. Department of Energy maintains a Benchmarking Building Energy Performance Program. The ORNL website determines how a building's energy use compares with similar facilities throughout the U.S. and in a specific region or state.

Source use differs from site usage when comparing a building's energy consumption with the national average. Site energy use is the energy consumed by the building at the building site only. Source energy use includes the site energy use as well as all of the losses to create and distribute the energy to the building. Source energy represents the total amount of raw fuel that is required to operate the building. It incorporates all transmission, delivery, and production losses, which allows for a complete assessment of energy efficiency in a building. The type of utility purchased has a substantial impact on the source energy use of a building. The EPA has determined that source energy is the most comparable unit for evaluation purposes and overall global impact. Both the site and source EUI ratings for the building are provided to understand and compare the differences in energy use.

The site and source EUIs for this building are calculated as follows. (See Table 3.6 for details):

$$\text{Building Site EUI} = \frac{(\text{Electric Usage in kBtu} + \text{Fuel Usage in kBtu})}{\text{Building Square Footage}}$$

$$\text{Building Source EUI} = \frac{(\text{Electric Usage in kBtu} \times \text{SS Ratio} + \text{Fuel Usage in kBtu} \times \text{SS Ratio})}{\text{Building Square Footage}}$$

where "SS Ratio" is the Source Energy to Site Energy ratio for the particular fuel.

**Table 3.6: Building EUI Calculations for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant**

| Energy Type                                                                                                                                              | Building Fuel Use per Year | Site Energy Use per Year, kBTU | Source/Site Ratio | Source Energy Use per Year, kBTU |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Electricity                                                                                                                                              | 17,172 kWh                 | 58,607                         | 3.340             | 195,747                          |
| #1 Oil                                                                                                                                                   | 362 gallons                | 47,808                         | 1.010             | 48,286                           |
| Total                                                                                                                                                    |                            | 106,415                        |                   | 244,033                          |
|                                                                                                                                                          |                            |                                |                   |                                  |
| BUILDING AREA                                                                                                                                            |                            | 896                            | Square Feet       |                                  |
| BUILDING SITE EUI                                                                                                                                        |                            | 119                            | kBTU/Ft²/Yr       |                                  |
| BUILDING SOURCE EUI                                                                                                                                      |                            | 272                            | kBTU/Ft²/Yr       |                                  |
| * Site - Source Ratio data is provided by the Energy Star Performance Rating Methodology for Incorporating Source Energy Use document issued March 2011. |                            |                                |                   |                                  |

**Table 3.7: Building Benchmarks for the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant**

| Building Benchmarks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                      |                             |                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | EUI<br>(kBtu/Sq.Ft.) | EUI/HDD<br>(Btu/Sq.Ft./HDD) | ECI<br>(\$/Sq.Ft.) |
| Existing Building                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 118.8                | 10.97                       | \$12.16            |
| With Proposed Retrofits                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 93.0                 | 8.59                        | \$9.96             |
| EUI: Energy Use Intensity - The annual site energy consumption divided by the structure's conditioned area.<br>EUI/HDD: Energy Use Intensity per Heating Degree Day.<br>ECI: Energy Cost Index - The total annual cost of energy divided by the square footage of the conditioned space in the building. |                      |                             |                    |

### 3.3 AkWarm© Building Simulation

An accurate model of the building performance can be created by simulating the thermal performance of the walls, roof, windows and floors of the building. The heating system is modeled as well, accounting for the outside air ventilation required by the building and the heat recovery equipment in place.

The model uses local weather data and is trued up to historical energy use to ensure its accuracy. The model can be used now and in the future to measure the utility bill impact of all types of energy projects, including improving building insulation, modifying glazing, changing air handler schedules, increasing heat recovery, installing high efficiency boilers, using variable air volume air handlers, adjusting outside air ventilation and adding cogeneration systems.

For the purposes of this study, the Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant was modeled using AkWarm© energy use software to establish a baseline space heating energy usage. Climate data from Manokotak was used for analysis. From this, the model was calibrated to predict the impact of theoretical energy savings measures. Once annual energy savings from a particular measure were predicted and the initial capital cost was estimated, payback scenarios were approximated.

#### **Limitations of AkWarm© Models**

- The model is based on typical mean year weather data for Manokotak. This data represents the average ambient weather profile as observed over approximately 30 years. As such, the gas and electric profiles generated will not likely compare perfectly with actual energy billing information

from any single year. This is especially true for years with extreme warm or cold periods, or even years with unexpectedly moderate weather.

- The heating load model is a simple two-zone model consisting of the building's core interior spaces and the building's perimeter spaces. This simplified approach loses accuracy for buildings that have large variations in heating loads across different parts of the building.

The energy balances shown in Section 3.1 were derived from the output generated by the AkWarm© simulations.

## 4. ENERGY COST SAVING MEASURES

### 4.1 Summary of Results

The energy saving measures are summarized in Table 4.1. Please refer to the individual measure descriptions later in this report for more detail.

**Table 4.1: Summary List of Recommended Energy Efficiency Measures Ranked by Economic Priority**

| PRIORITY LIST – ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES |                                  |                                                                                   |                           |                |                                               |                                     |                         |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Rank                                       | Feature                          | Improvement Description                                                           | Annual Energy Savings     | Installed Cost | Savings to Investment Ratio, SIR <sup>1</sup> | Simple Payback (Years) <sup>2</sup> | CO <sub>2</sub> Savings |
| 1                                          | Toyotomi Stove                   | Program Toyo Laser 73 heater with an unoccupied setback temperature to 50 deg. F. | \$418                     | \$1,000        | 5.65                                          | 2.4                                 | 2,203.8                 |
| 2                                          | Well 2 Heat Tape                 | Implement controls to shut off heat tape when well pump is in operation.          | \$933                     | \$3,500        | 3.13                                          | 3.8                                 | 4,579.9                 |
| 3                                          | Well 1 Heat Tape                 | Implement controls to shut off heat tape when well pump is in operation.          | \$513                     | \$3,500        | 1.72                                          | 6.8                                 | 2,517.1                 |
| 4                                          | Lighting: Exterior Lights        | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$99                      | \$750          | 1.55                                          | 7.6                                 | 485.6                   |
| 5                                          | Lighting: Generator Room Lights  | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$3 + \$30 Maint. Savings | \$300          | 1.32                                          | 9.0                                 | 15.8                    |
| 6                                          | Lighting: Water Tank Room Lights | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$2 + \$15 Maint. Savings | \$150          | 1.32                                          | 9.0                                 | 7.9                     |
| 7                                          | Lighting: Storage Room Lights    | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting.                           | \$2 + \$15 Maint. Savings | \$150          | 1.31                                          | 9.1                                 | 7.5                     |

| PRIORITY LIST – ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES |         |                         |                                  |                |                                               |                                     |                         |
|--------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Rank                                       | Feature | Improvement Description | Annual Energy Savings            | Installed Cost | Savings to Investment Ratio, SIR <sup>1</sup> | Simple Payback (Years) <sup>2</sup> | CO <sub>2</sub> Savings |
| TOTAL                                      |         |                         | \$1,969<br>+ \$60 Maint. Savings | \$9,350        | 2.63                                          | 4.6                                 | 9,817.7                 |

## 4.2 Interactive Effects of Projects

The savings for a particular measure are calculated assuming all recommended EEMs coming before that measure in the list are implemented. If some EEMs are not implemented, savings for the remaining EEMs will be affected. For example, if ceiling insulation is not added, then savings from a project to replace the heating system will be increased, because the heating system for the building supplies a larger load.

In general, all projects are evaluated sequentially so energy savings associated with one EEM would not also be attributed to another EEM. By modeling the recommended project sequentially, the analysis accounts for interactive affects among the EEMs and does not “double count” savings.

Interior lighting, electric loads, facility equipment, and occupants generate heat within the building. Lighting-efficiency improvements are anticipated to slightly increase heating requirements. Heating penalties were included in the lighting project analysis.

## 4.3 Mechanical Equipment Measures

### 4.3.1 Night Setback Thermostat Measures

| Rank                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Building Space        |         | Recommendation                                                                    |     |                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Water Treatment Plant |         | Program Toyo Laser 73 heater with an unoccupied setback temperature to 50 deg. F. |     |                                      |
| Installation Cost                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                       | \$1,000 | Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)                                                   | 15  | Energy Savings (\$/yr) \$418         |
| Breakeven Cost                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                       | \$5,653 | Simple Payback (yrs)                                                              | 2   | Energy Savings (MMBTU/yr) 13.5 MMBTU |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                       |         | Savings-to-Investment Ratio                                                       | 5.7 |                                      |
| Auditors Notes: Implementing an unoccupied temperature setback will reduce the heating consumption since the building is not commonly occupied. It should be noted that if the air temperature in the building is lower than the dew point of the air, the water tanks will sweat and condensation will build up on the outside of the water storage tanks. This should be verified prior to implementing for the long term. |                       |         |                                                                                   |     |                                      |

## 4.4 Electrical & Appliance Measures

### 4.4.1 Lighting Measures

The goal of this section is to present any lighting energy conservation measures that may also be cost beneficial. It should be noted that replacing current bulbs with more energy-efficient equivalents will have a small effect on the building heating loads. The building heating load will see a small increase, as the more energy efficient bulbs give off less heat.

#### 4.4.1a Lighting Measures – Replace Existing Fixtures/Bulbs

| Rank                                                                                                            | Location        | Existing Condition                     | Recommendation                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 4                                                                                                               | Exterior Lights | 3 HPS 50 Watt StdElectronic            | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting. |
| <b>Installation Cost</b>                                                                                        | \$750           | <b>Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)</b> | 15                                                      |
| <b>Breakeven Cost</b>                                                                                           | \$1,162         | <b>Simple Payback (yrs)</b>            | 8                                                       |
|                                                                                                                 |                 | <b>Savings-to-Investment Ratio</b>     | 1.5                                                     |
| Auditors Notes: Replace with LED outdoor wall packs, rated for 35 Watts each. There are three units to replace. |                 |                                        |                                                         |

| Rank                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Location               | Existing Condition                                             | Recommendation                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 5                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Water Tank Room Lights | 6 FLUOR (2) T8 4' F32T8 25W Energy-Saver Instant StdElectronic | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting. |
| <b>Installation Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                             | \$300                  | <b>Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)</b>                         | 15                                                      |
| <b>Breakeven Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                | \$395                  | <b>Simple Payback (yrs)</b>                                    | 9                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                        | <b>Savings-to-Investment Ratio</b>                             | 1.3                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                        | <b>Maintenance Savings (\$/yr)</b>                             | \$30                                                    |
| Auditors Notes: There are six fixtures with two fluorescent T8 4ft. fixtures to be replaced. The LED equivalent lamps are rated for 15 Watts each. 12 replacement lamps are required for this space. |                        |                                                                |                                                         |

| Rank                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Location              | Existing Condition                                             | Recommendation                                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Generator Room Lights | 3 FLUOR (2) T8 4' F32T8 25W Energy-Saver Instant StdElectronic | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting. |
| <b>Installation Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                              | \$150                 | <b>Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)</b>                         | 15                                                      |
| <b>Breakeven Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                 | \$198                 | <b>Simple Payback (yrs)</b>                                    | 9                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                       | <b>Savings-to-Investment Ratio</b>                             | 1.3                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                       | <b>Maintenance Savings (\$/yr)</b>                             | \$15                                                    |
| Auditors Notes: There are three fixtures with two fluorescent T8 4ft. fixtures to be replaced. The LED equivalent lamps are rated for 15 Watts each. 6 replacement lamps are required for this space. |                       |                                                                |                                                         |

| Rank                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Location            | Existing Condition                                             | Recommendation                                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 7                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Storage Room Lights | 2 FLUOR (3) T8 4' F32T8 25W Energy-Saver Instant StdElectronic | Replace new energy efficient, direct-wire LED lighting. |
| <b>Installation Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                              | \$150               | <b>Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)</b>                         | 15                                                      |
| <b>Breakeven Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                 | \$197               | <b>Simple Payback (yrs)</b>                                    | 9                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                     | <b>Savings-to-Investment Ratio</b>                             | 1.3                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                     | <b>Maintenance Savings (\$/yr)</b>                             | \$15                                                    |
| Auditors Notes: There are two fixtures with three fluorescent T8 4ft. fixtures to be replaced. The LED equivalent lamps are rated for 15 Watts each. 6 replacement lamps are required for this space. |                     |                                                                |                                                         |

#### 4.4.2 Other Electrical Measures

| Rank                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Location         | Description of Existing                | Efficiency Recommendation                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Well 2 Heat Tape | Heat Tape                              | Implement controls to shut off heat tape when well pump is in operation. |
| <b>Installation Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | \$3,500          | <b>Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)</b> | 15                                                                       |
| <b>Breakeven Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | \$10,959         | <b>Simple Payback (yrs)</b>            | 4                                                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                  | <b>Savings-to-Investment Ratio</b>     | 3.1                                                                      |
| Auditors Notes: Implement controls such that heat tape only operates when the well pump is shut off. This includes an additional relay and contact to install to synchronize the operation. Include a manual switch to turn on heat tape in emergency purposes and to turn off heat tape in the summer months. Additional administrative costs included in the cost. |                  |                                        |                                                                          |

| Rank                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Location         | Description of Existing                | Efficiency Recommendation                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Well 1 Heat Tape | Heat Tape                              | Implement controls to shut off heat tape when well pump is in operation. |
| <b>Installation Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | \$3,500          | <b>Estimated Life of Measure (yrs)</b> | 15                                                                       |
| <b>Breakeven Cost</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | \$6,023          | <b>Simple Payback (yrs)</b>            | 7                                                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                  | <b>Savings-to-Investment Ratio</b>     | 1.7                                                                      |
| Auditors Notes: Implement controls such that heat tape only operates when the well pump is shut off. This includes an additional relay and contact to install to synchronize the operation. Include a manual switch to turn on heat tape in emergency purposes and to turn off heat tape in the summer months. Additional administrative costs included in the cost. |                  |                                        |                                                                          |

## **5. ENERGY EFFICIENCY ACTION PLAN**

Through inspection of the energy-using equipment on-site and discussions with site facilities personnel, this energy audit has identified several energy-saving measures. The measures will reduce the amount of fuel burned and electricity used at the site. The projects will not degrade the performance of the building and, in some cases, will improve it.

Several types of EEMs can be implemented immediately by building staff, and others will require various amounts of lead time for engineering and equipment acquisition. In some cases, there are logical advantages to implementing EEMs concurrently. For example, if the same electrical contractor is used to install both lighting equipment and motors, implementation of these measures should be scheduled to occur simultaneously.

## APPENDICES

### Appendix A – Scanned Energy Billing Data

1. Billing Data for the following Fuel Types  
Electricity  
#1 Oil

| Month          | Electricity | #1 Fuel Oil |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| January 2017   | 2,200       | 60          |
| February 2017  | 2,100       | 60          |
| March 2017     | 2,100       | 50          |
| April 2017     | 1,900       | 35          |
| May 2017       | 550         | 15          |
| June 2017      | 450         | 5           |
| July 2017      | 450         | 5           |
| August 2017    | 550         | 5           |
| September 2017 | 650         | 15          |
| October 2017   | 1,900       | 35          |
| November 2017  | 1,900       | 45          |
| December 2017  | 1,970       | 60          |

*The electric records were available for June – December for the total water and sewer electricity costs. The total annual electric usage and the proportional usage of the Manokotak Main Water Treatment Plant, Manokotak Heights Water Plant, and the Lift Station from June – December were used to estimate the approximate electricity distribution for all three buildings for the year.*

*The total fuel usage for both the Manokotak Main Water Treatment Plant and the Manokotak Heights Water Plant was available. Engineering calculations were used to estimate the total proportional fuel usage for each of the two buildings.*

## Appendix B – Energy Audit Report – Project Summary

| ENERGY AUDIT REPORT – PROJECT SUMMARY                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| General Project Information                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| PROJECT INFORMATION                                      | AUDITOR INFORMATION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Building:</b> Manokotak Heights Water Treatment Plant | <b>Auditor Company:</b> ANTHC-DEHE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Address:</b> City                                     | <b>Auditor Name:</b> Kevin Ulrich                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>City:</b> Manokotak                                   | <b>Auditor Address:</b> 4500 Diplomacy Dr.<br>Anchorage, AK 99508                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Client Name:</b> Rueben Andrews                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Client Address:</b>                                   | <b>Auditor Phone:</b> (907) 729-3237                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Client Phone:</b> (907) 538-8507                      | <b>Auditor FAX:</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Client FAX:</b>                                       | <b>Auditor Comment:</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Design Data                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Building Area:</b> 896 square feet                    | <b>Design Space Heating Load:</b> Design Loss at Space: 16,879 Btu/hour<br>with Distribution Losses: 16,879 Btu/hour<br>Plant Input Rating assuming 82.0% Plant Efficiency and 25% Safety Margin: 25,731 Btu/hour<br>Note: Additional Capacity should be added for DHW and other plant loads, if served. |
| <b>Typical Occupancy:</b> 0 people                       | <b>Design Indoor Temperature:</b> 60 deg F (building average)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Actual City:</b> Manokotak                            | <b>Design Outdoor Temperature:</b> -17.2 deg F                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Weather/Fuel City:</b> Manokotak                      | <b>Heating Degree Days:</b> 10,828 deg F-days                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Utility Information                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Electric Utility:</b> Manokotak Power Company         | <b>Average Annual Cost/kWh:</b> \$0.55/kWh                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

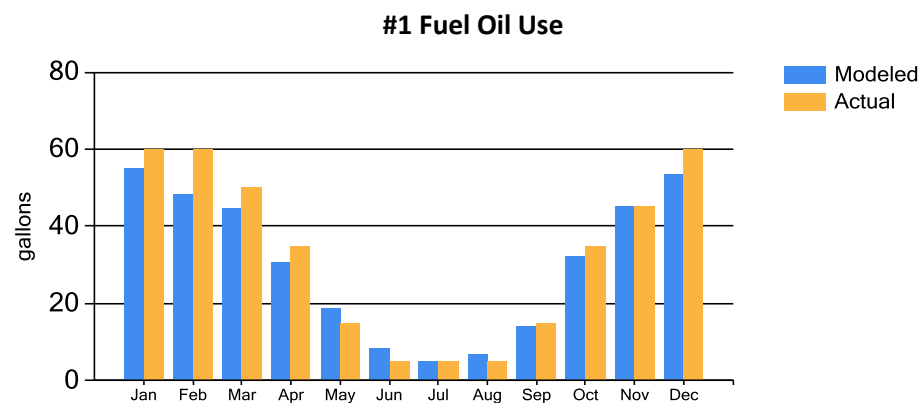
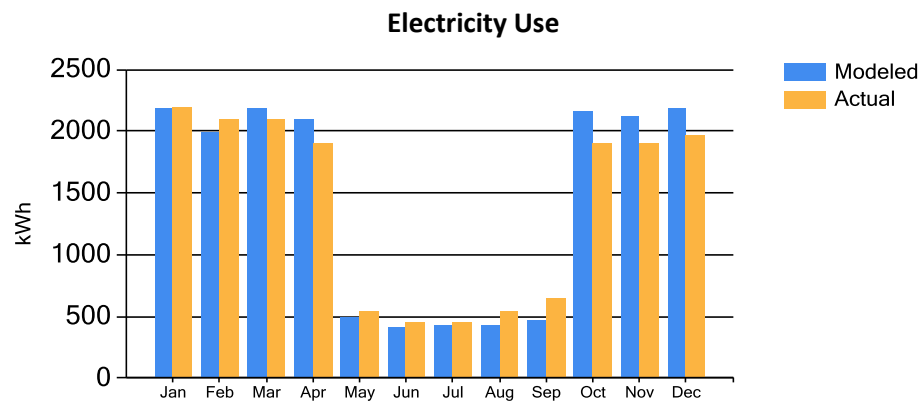
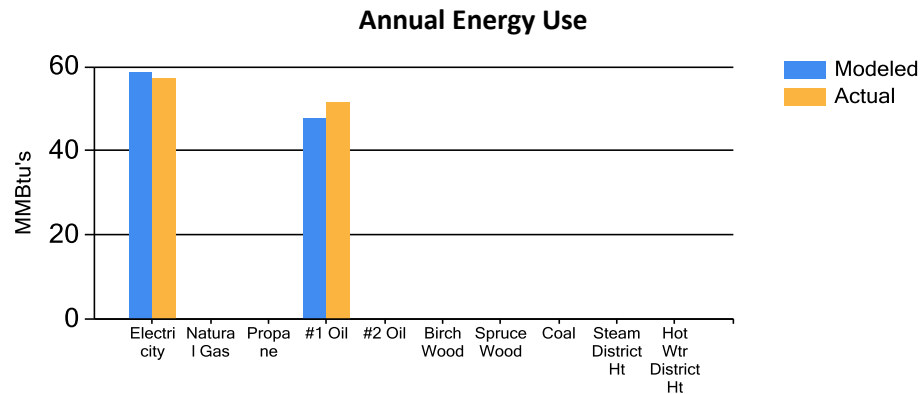
| Annual Energy Cost Estimate    |               |          |                  |                 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Description                    | Space Heating | Lighting | Other Electrical | Total Cost      |
| <b>Existing Building</b>       | \$1,492       | \$436    | \$8,965          | <b>\$10,893</b> |
| <b>With Proposed Retrofits</b> | \$1,076       | \$329    | \$7,519          | <b>\$8,924</b>  |
| <b>Savings</b>                 | \$417         | \$107    | \$1,446          | <b>\$1,969</b>  |

| Building Benchmarks            |                      |                             |                    |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Description                    | EUI<br>(kBtu/Sq.Ft.) | EUI/HDD<br>(Btu/Sq.Ft./HDD) | ECI<br>(\$/Sq.Ft.) |
| <b>Existing Building</b>       | 118.8                | 10.97                       | \$12.16            |
| <b>With Proposed Retrofits</b> | 93.0                 | 8.59                        | \$9.96             |

EUI: Energy Use Intensity - The annual site energy consumption divided by the structure's conditioned area.  
EUI/HDD: Energy Use Intensity per Heating Degree Day.  
ECI: Energy Cost Index - The total annual cost of energy divided by the square footage of the conditioned space in the building.

## Appendix C – Actual Fuel Use versus Modeled Fuel Use

The graphs below show the modeled energy usage results of the energy audit process compared to the actual energy usage report data. The model was completed using AkWarm modeling software. The orange bars show actual fuel use, and the blue bars are AkWarm’s prediction of fuel use.



## Appendix D - Electrical Demands

| Estimated Peak Electrical Demand (kW) |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|                                       | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| <b>Current</b>                        | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| <b>As Proposed</b>                    | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |

-----  
AkWarmCalc Ver 2.8.0.0, Energy Lib 9/1/2017